









Welcome!

Translating test items. There's more to it than meets the eye!

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To ask questions, use the "Q&A" feature

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Presenters today

Steve Dept	John Kleeman
 CEO and Founder of cApStAn 25 years of experience in test	 Executive Director and Founder
adaptation and linguistic	of Questionmark 30 years of experience in the
quality control	assessment industry







"I say to hell with it. If it can't be said in English, it ain't worth saying at all."

- Straightforward translation of test items doesn't always work well.
- This webinar will help you understand good practice so that your tests measure the same thing in other languages and cultures

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About **Question**mark



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- Founded in 1988
- Assessment technologies and portal solutions that enable organisations to measure knowledge, skills, and attitudes securely for certification, regulatory compliance and improved learning outcomes
- ISO/IEC 27001 Certified (Learn more at <u>www.questionmark.com/trust</u>)

Customers

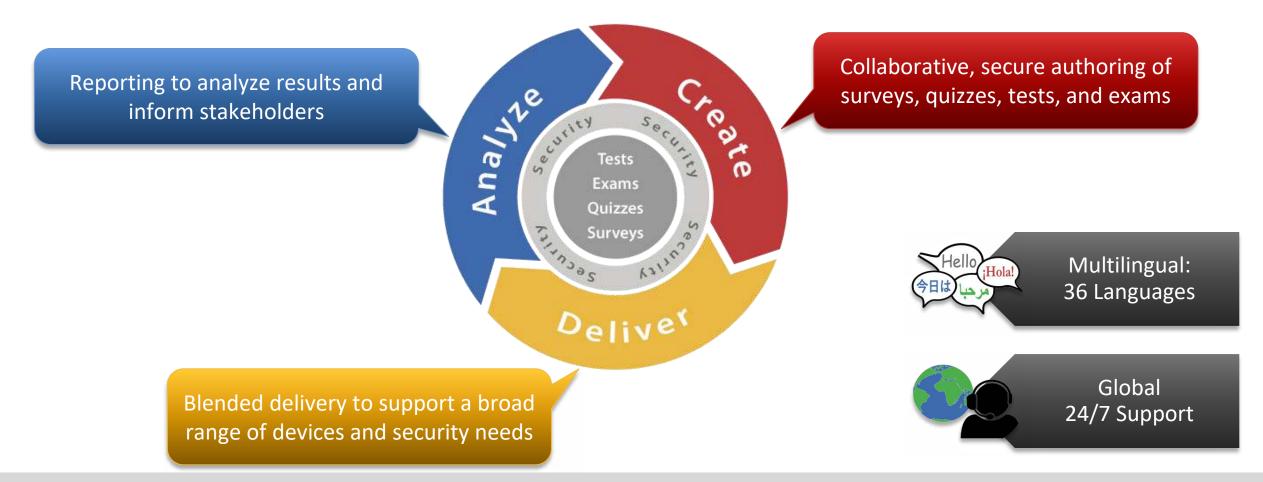
- Enterprise customers worldwide
- Business, Government; Higher Education; Certification Providers; Awarding Bodies



Questionmark Assessment Management System

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About cApStAn



Background

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- Founded in 2000
- Translation quality control and equivalence checks in international large scale assessments to maximise cross-language comparability in assessments measuring knowledge and skills
- Close cooperation with Academic world

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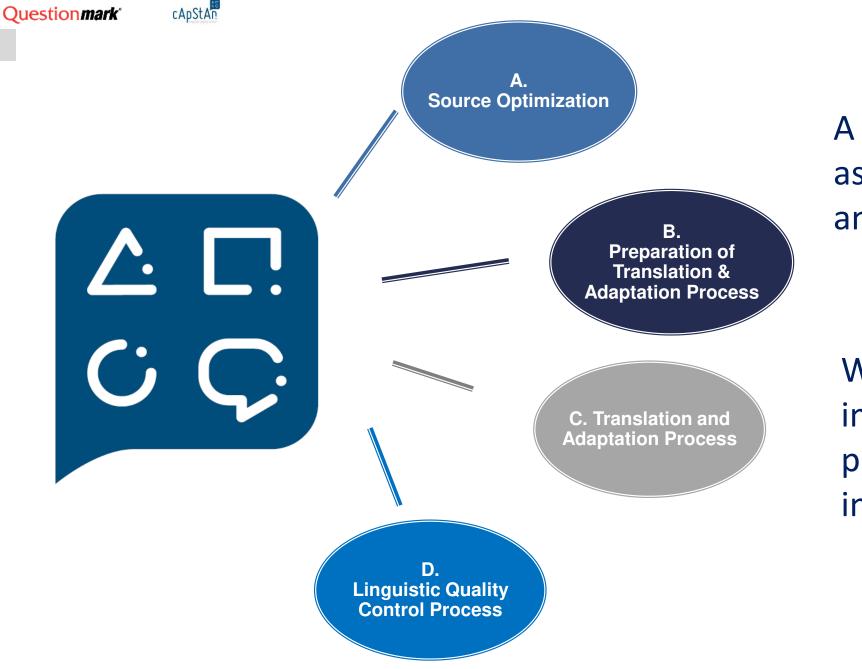
- International organisations: OECD, UN, EU
- National organisations: universities, research institutes, education ministries
- Private sector: testing industry, talent management companies, pollsters



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization







A holistic approach to assessment translation and adaptation

We shape, streamline, implement, improve and promote best practices in test localisation

Agenda

Translation or adaptation?
Planning, the most important step
Designing your process
Translation process in Questionmark
Translation technologies
Managing translation vendor
How to pilot and check equivalence
Summary

Translation or Adaptation

Can't one just translate and administer the test? What do you mean by *Adaptation*?



Translation or Adaptation

- In translated tests
 - Meaning shifts (language-driven) may lead to measurement errors
 - Perception shifts (culture-driven) may lead to bias
 - Early versions of IQ test designed to identify most productive white-collar employees => timed assessments with speed as a component of the score
 - Speed and time management play a (much) smaller part in African cultures
 => low performers on speeded IQ tests

Without adaptation, no fairness (and no comparability)

Literature & empirical findings tell us how and why different forms of adaptation (to local context and usage) affect measurement

Working definition of adaptation in assessments:

ADAPTATIONS ARE DESIRABLE IN ALL OCCURRENCES WHERE DIRECT TRANSLATION COULD PUT RESPONDENTS FROM THE TARGET GROUP AT AN ADVANTAGE OR A DISADVANTAGE



Why should you avoid packing a lighter refill in your hand luggage?

Typical response in some cultures:
Inflammable, explosive, dangerous

- In other cultures:
 - Banned, prohibited, forbidden

Experts in test localization are aware that the concept of legality (or regulations) can **blur a construct** and elicit a different cognitive strategy in certain cultures

Commonly used in English but (very) hard to render in (a number of) other languages

- Idiomatic English, neologisms
 - Earmarked for...
 - Stagflation
 - Trade-off

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- Greenwashing
- To look forward to
- To value
- To have fun



Planning, the most important step

Two approaches to planning

You are designing a new test and want to make it applicable to 2 or more languages/cultures

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You are working with an existing test that is already deployed in one language and need to translate/adapt it in other languages

Planning for a new test

Start with	purpose
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• Why is test **being developed?**

• What is construct or domain being measured?

What is done with pass/fail or test scores?

Identify target cultures/languages

• What is population?

• What languages is it reasonable for them to take the test in?

• Are there different cultures (e.g. Indian English vs UK English vs US English)?

Seek advice

Whether the construct/domain has any issues in any of languages/cultures
Whether item formats need adjusting for languages/cultures (e.g. right to left)

Design with this in mind

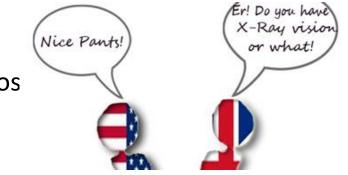
- Define objectives/topics
- Progress exemplar items
- Define translation process

Translatability assessment after initial design

• Check items and principles work before going onto full development

Translating an existing test

- Identify which languages to translate into
 - Base this on the test purpose what you are trying to measure
 - Identify target population and fairness/equity and balance vs cos
 - Choose languages and cultures
- Ensure translation makes sense
 - Do the constructs and domains apply in the language/culture
 - How much adaptation is needed, how much translation?
- Translatability assessment
 - Especially useful if translating into several languages
 - Find issues before doing the actual translation



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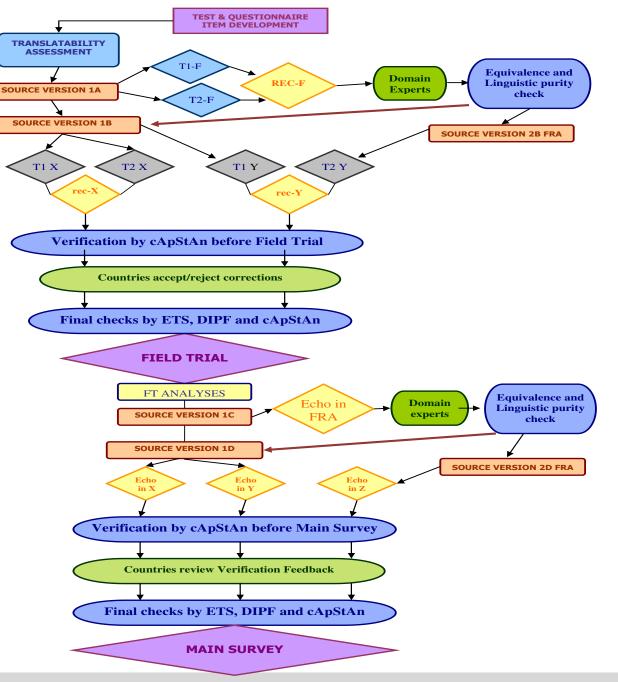
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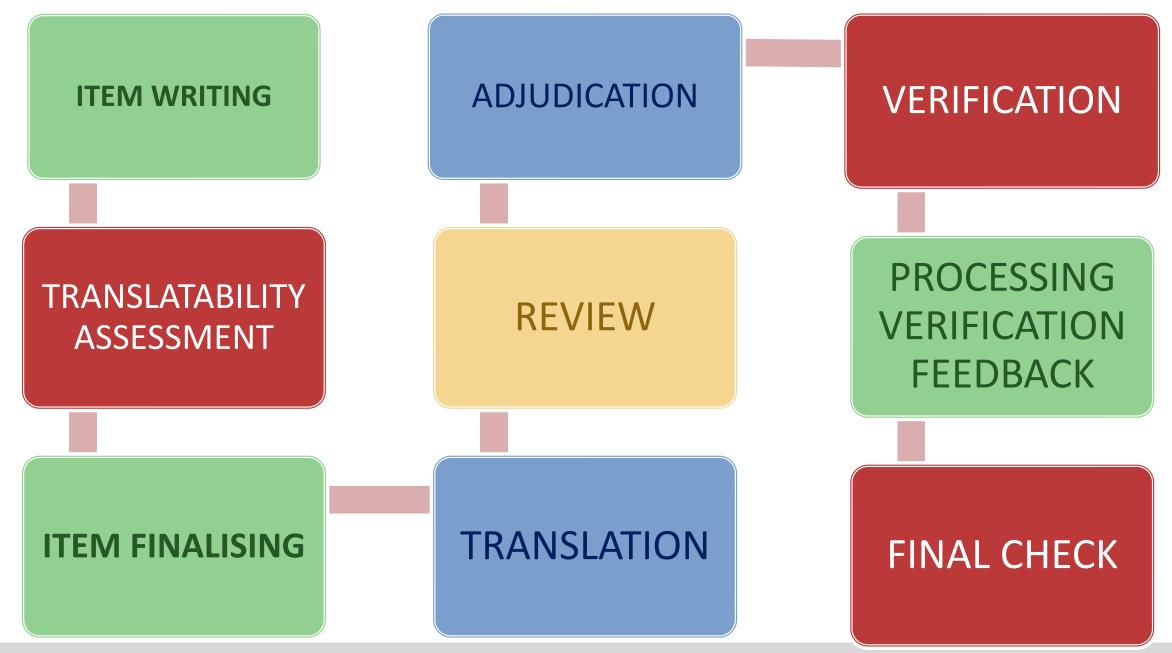
Designing your process

Making informed decisions about the translation, adaptation and linguistic quality assurance design

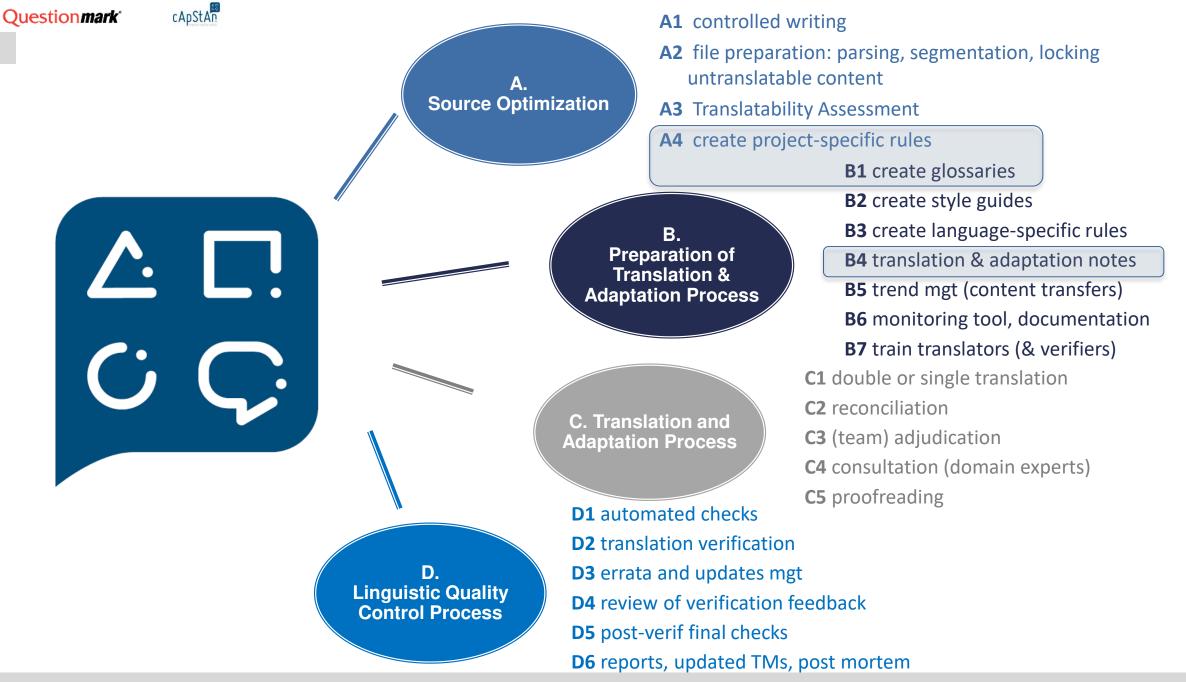
Typical translation /adaptation design for international large scale assessments

Too complex for most assessment ecosystems





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EXAMPLE A4. Create Project-specific Rules

Compliance with these rules can be checked automatically

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Rules that can be linked to attributes of the source version

- > Define max. number of characters in captions
- > Forced adaptations (e.g. imperial vs metric)
- Identify the need for dynamic text (e.g. gender)
- Determine how text styles must be treated
- Proportional length of response choices

Distractor B is much longer \rightarrow More attractive

What is the purpose of the question at the end of "Disaster in the making"?

- A To encourage readers to agree with the writer.
- B To make readers doubt the value of being part of a community.
- C To suggest that no-one understands this topic completely.
- D To encourage readers to form their own opinion on the topic.

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- A <u>JUJAUGISSTE LT JA3TEAJE, 305 RJ3 TEMA JOSIA JOSTES.</u>
- B ᲔᲡᲔᲠᲡᲪᲞᲐᲤᲢ ᲐᲜ ᲓᲔᲛ ᲞᲔᲠᲢ, ᲗᲔᲘᲚ ᲔᲘᲜᲔᲠ ᲔᲛᲔᲘᲜᲡᲪᲞᲐᲤᲢ ᲖᲣ ᲡᲔᲘᲜ, ᲖᲓᲔᲘᲤᲔᲚᲜ ᲖᲣ ᲚᲐᲡᲡᲔᲜ ᲐᲞᲤᲐᲧᲓᲖ ᲚᲦᲠ ᲞᲥ ᲛᲥᲐᲜᲯᲑᲞ ᲞᲐᲜᲓᲡ.
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Proportional length of key and distractors can be checked automatically



EXAMPLE B1. Create (and maintain) glossaries

- Creating glossaries is best practice in (pre-)translation, but remains underrated and underused
- bilingual or multilingual glossaries rather than explanatory glosses in the source language
- Creating glossaries involves some work, brings immense quality gains, particularly in domain-specific assessments

Adherence to the glossary can be checked automatically

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Glossaries may contain

- any terms and words that need to be translated consistently (technical concepts, cultural entities, ...)
- fictitious names
- terms or expressions that involve some research
- terms or expressions that can be translated in more than one way
- recurring prompts
- acronyms
- names of months and days
- names of questionnaire sections or modules
- names of buttons, tables and other UI elements

EXAMPLE B4. Translation and Adaptation Notes

Solution:

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- Automate what can be automated
- Prepare clear, concise translation & adaptation notes
 - Item by item

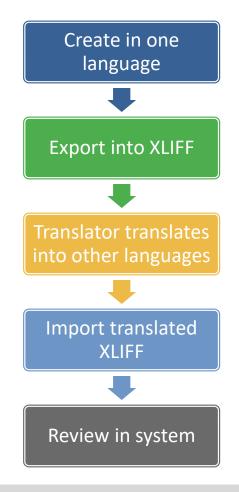
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- Ideally: appear in the TEnT (Translation Environment Tool)
- Draw attention to translation traps and psychometric traps
- Specify which adaptations are required, desirable, or ruled out
- Set up a system whereby
 - Translators need to confirm they have read the T&A note
 - Verifiers need to confirm that it has been addressed



Translation process in Questionmark

Technical translation process



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- ► XLIFF
 - XML Localization Interchange File Format
 - Structured text with tags
 - International standard from Oasis (who create open data standards)
 - Reasonably well supported by translation tools

Export XLIFF for Translation

Topics

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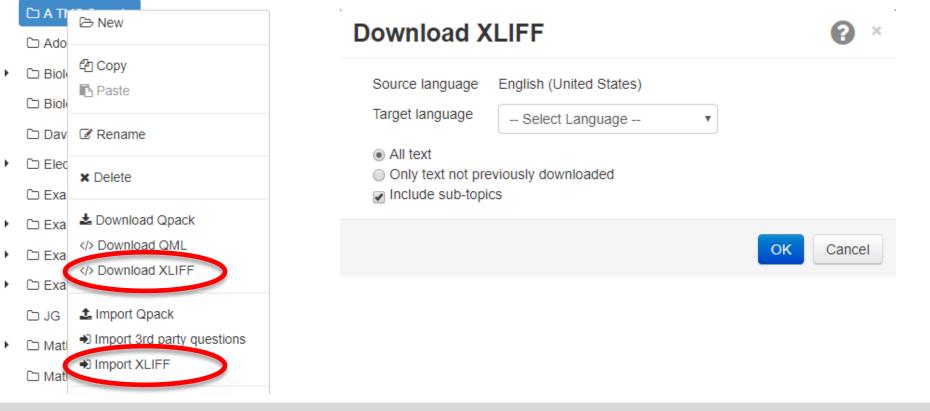
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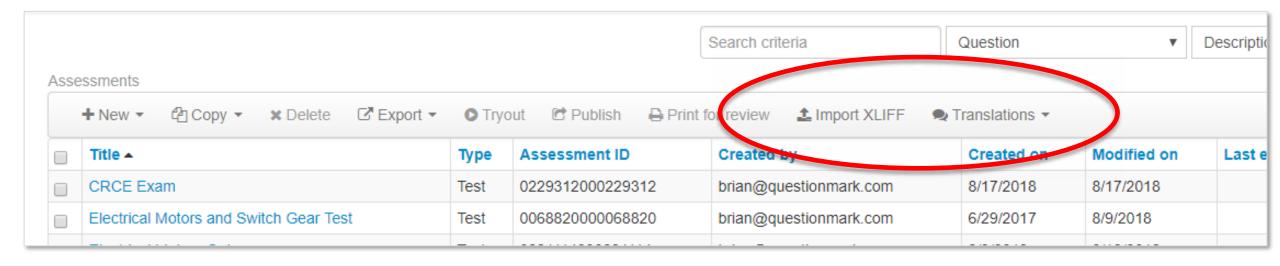
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Manage Translations of Assessments





Translation technologies

CAT TOOL

- A specialized program that helps a translator
 - increase productivity

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- obtain a higher degree of consistency
- by leveraging language assets such as translation memories and term bases.
 - Translation quality depends on human translator

MACHINE TRANSLATION

Artificial Intelligence uses

rules

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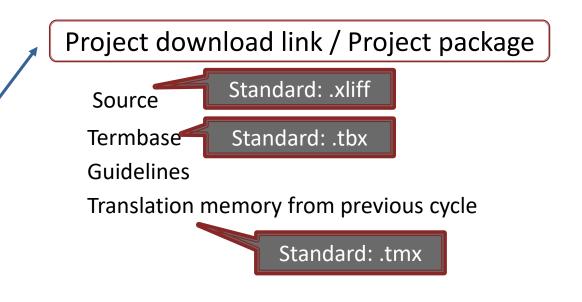
- large sets of data
- statistics
- machine learning algorithms
- To produce computer-generated translations
 - Translation quality depends on the quality of sets of data + algorithms
- (some providers are pivoting towards machine translation + post editing models)

Language assets

Prehistoric approach

Computer assisted approach

- Source files (in Word, Excel)
- Key Terms definitions (in Word)
- Bilingual glossary (in Excel or a Word table)
- Guidelines (in Word, Excel)
- Reference files:
 - Materials from the previous cycle (in Word, Excel)





Managing translation vendor

Vendor management advice

- Determine your approach and requirements yourself, don't let translation vendor talk you into theirs
- Require translation memories as part of deliverables
- Each step in the workflow should be documented

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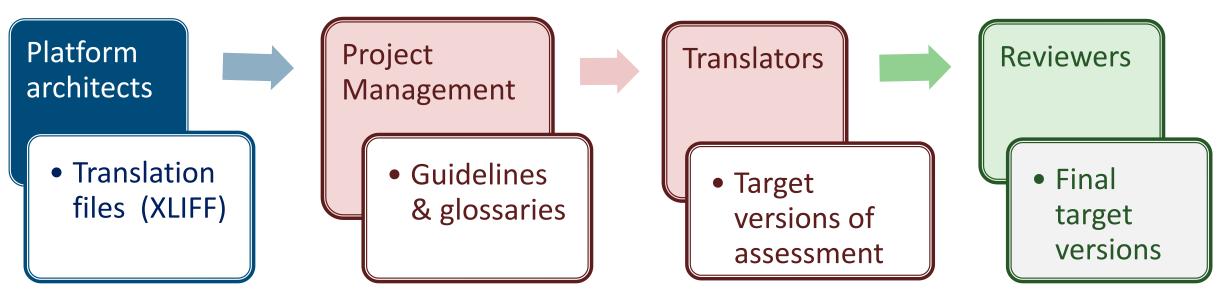
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- Translators should only translate into their mother tongue
- Ask to see vendor document on how they recruit and evaluate their linguists
- For large or high stakes projects use independent linguistic QA
- Set up and impose secure file transfer (including within translation vendor)
- Ensure NDAs with all translators to protect question security (often overlooked)

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Before and after the translation vendor



- Translation industry best practices:
 - Optimal preparation of projects for translation
 - Optimal working environment and language assets
 - Linguistic quality assurance



Translation Verification

- Segment by segment comparison of source and target
- Compliance with translation and adaptation notes
- Focus on semantic equivalence and on level of difficulty
- (while we're at it, check linguistic quality)
- Use standardized verifier intervention categories to report issues
- Describe all issues in a centralised monitoring tool
- Propose corrective action directly in the target files

Translation Verification

Source	Translation	Verification Guidelines	Verifier Version (if different from original)	Verifier Intervention Category	Verifier Comment
	過去1週間、自 分を評価してく れる人がいた。	translated as "praised"	次の記述についてどう 思いますか:過去1週 間、自分の良さを認め てくれる人がいた。		

Verification

Focus on maintaining same difficulty level and ensuring correct item functioning
Less leeway as regards form (especially in key parts)
Preferential changes to be avoided

- Source should not be improved
- Literal matches/ synonymous matches

Proofreading

VS.

- -Focus on linguistic fluency and correctness
- More leeway as regards form
- More room for preferential changes
- Improving source not a problem
- Repetition / consistency

How to pilot and check equivalence



Piloting

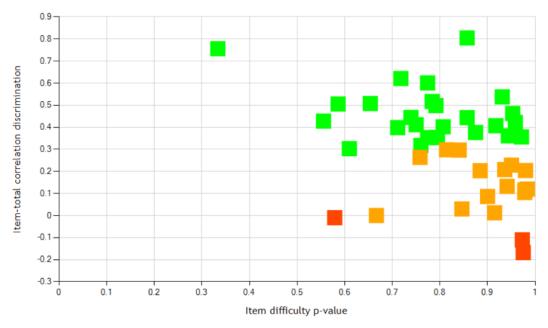
- Build in a pilot to be carried out on a small(er) scale, e.g. a dry run in (some of) the target language(s)
- Or cognitive pre-test (need trained interviewers in target language)
- Finalise translation of test items before pilot
- Analysis of pilot results = a wealth of information
- Can be used to perform a focused linguistic and formal verification before going live



Analysis methods

- Qualitative
 - Feedback from pilot test-takers
- Quantitative
 - Run item analysis
 - Compare means of difficulty in different languages
 - (If enough data) run item analysis by language and identify discrepancies





Propose corrective action

- Items that have behaved anomalously on any of the criteria are flagged (dodgy items)
- Dodgy item reports examined by testing organisation, by linguistic reviewer and possibly by local subject matter expert
- explain why such results may have occurred.
- Test developers propose corrective action to be implemented by linguists
- Linguists propose corrective action to be endorsed by test developers
- and then...

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More information

- International Test Commission Guidelines on Adapting Tests
 - https://www.intestcom.org/page/16



- PISA guidelines (OECD program for international student assessment) <u>https://www.oecd.org/pisa/pisaproducts/PISA-2018-TRANSLATION-AND-ADAPTATION-GUIDELINES.pdf</u>
- Translation and Cultural Appropriateness of Survey Material in Large-scale Assessments http://www.capstan.be/share/#publication-4
- Useful blogs

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- cApStAn : <u>http://www.capstan.be/news/</u>
- Questionmark: <u>https://blog.questionmark.com</u>



Summary – key messages

- Translation/adaptation can (and should be) embedded in test design
- Involve specialists at the earliest stages of a translation project
- Time spent (i) optimising the source version; and (ii) preparing the translation/adaptation process drives quality of translated tests
- Export out of your assessment system to allow translators to work with state of the art technology (importing back in should be tested first)
- Organise (at least some) independent quality checks of the translations

Your questions

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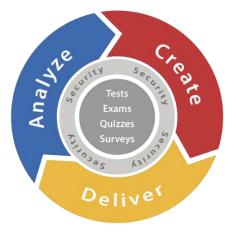
Know your translation needs, know your options

Before embarking on the journey of producing multiple language versions of you assessment:

 Request a free translation needs & requirements analysis by a senior cApStAn consultant at info@capstan.be

You already have a language service provider and you already have translated tests:

Ask us to organise a sample-based translation quality evaluation and equivalence check at projects@capstan.be



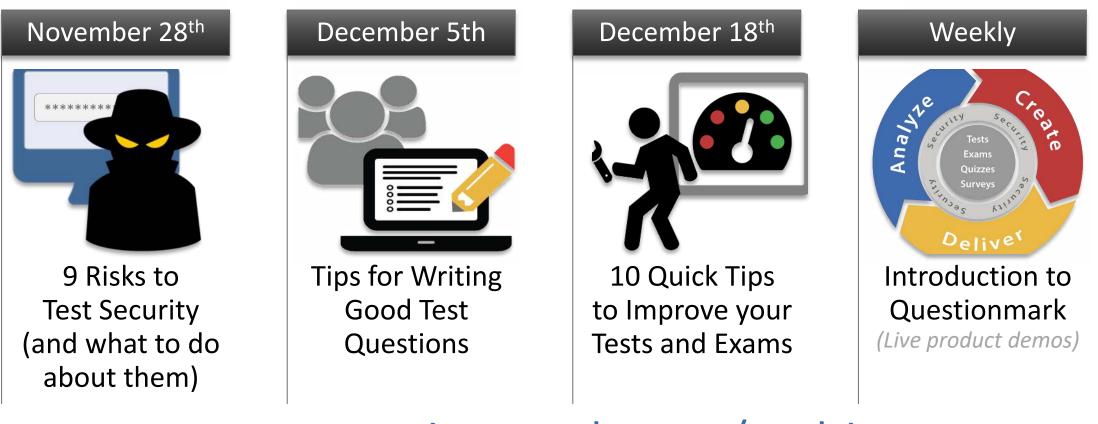
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